

Low-Power Voltage Output Temperature Sensor

Features

- Tiny Analog Temperature Sensor
- Available Packages: SC70-5
- Wide Temperature Measurement Range:
 -40°C to +125°C
- Accuracy: ±4°C (max.), 0°C to +70°C
- Optimized for Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADCs):
 - MCP9700: 10.0 mV/°C (typ.)
 - MCP9701: 19.5 mV/°C (typ.)
- Wide Operating Voltage Range:
 - MCP9700: V_{DD} = 2.3V to 5.5V
 - MCP9701: V_{DD} = 3.1V to 5.5V
- Low Operating Current: 6 µA (typ.)
- · Optimized to Drive Large Capacitive Loads

Typical Applications

- Hard Disk Drives and Other PC Peripherals
- Entertainment Systems
- Home Appliance
- Office Equipment
- Battery Packs and Portable Equipment
- General Purpose Temperature Monitoring

Description

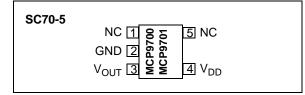
The MCP9700/01 low-cost, low-power and tiny temperature sensor family converts temperature to an analog voltage. It provides an accuracy of $\pm 4^{\circ}$ C from 0°C to +70°C while consuming 6 µA (typ.) of operating current.

The MCP9700/01 provides a low-cost solution for applications that require measurement of a relative change of temperature. When measuring relative change in temperature from 25°C, an accuracy of $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C (typ.) can be realized from 0°C to 70°C. This accuracy can also be achieved by applying system calibration at 25°C.

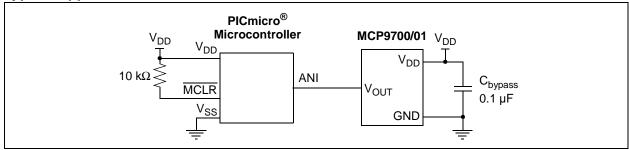
Unlike resistive sensors such as thermistors, this family does not require a signal conditioning circuit. The voltage output pin can be directly connected to an ADC input of a microcontroller. The MCP9700 and MCP9701 temperature coefficients are scaled to provide a 1° C/bit resolution for an 8-bit ADC with a reference voltage of 2.5V and 5V, respectively.

In addition, this family is immune to the effects of parasitic capacitance and can drive large capacitive loads. This provides Printed Circuit Board (PCB) layout design flexibility by enabling the device to be remotely located from the microcontroller. Adding some capacitance at the output also helps the output transient response by reducing overshoots or undershoots. However, capacitive load is not required for sensor output stability.

Package Type



Typical Application Circuit



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings †

V _{DD} :	V
Storage temperature:65°C to +150°C	С
Ambient Temp. with Power Applied:40°C to +125°C	С
Junction Temperature (T _J):150°C	С
ESD Protection On All Pins: (HBM:MM): (4 kV:200V	/)
Latch-Up Current at Each Pin: ±200 m/	A

†Notice: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Pin Function

NAME	FUNCTION
NC	Not Connected
V _{OUT}	Voltage Output
V _{DD}	Power Supply
GND	Ground

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated:
MCP9700: V_{DD} = 2.3V to 5.5V, GND = Ground, T_A = -40°C to +125°C and No load.
MCP9701: $V_{DD} = 3.1V$ to 5.5V, GND = Ground, $T_A = -10^{\circ}$ C to +125°C and No load.

Parameter	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Power Supply			•			•
Operating Voltage Range	V _{DD} V _{DD}	2.3 3.1	_	5.5 5.5	V V	MCP9700 MCP9701
Operating Current	I _{DD}	—	6	12	μA	
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	_	0.1	—	°C/V	MCP9700 V _{DD} = 2.3V - 4.0V MCP9701 V _{DD} = 3.1V - 4.0V
Sensor Accuracy (Notes 1, 2)						
$T_A = +25 °C$ $T_A = 0 °C to +70 °C$ $T_A = -40 °C to +125 °C$ $T_A = -10 °C to +125 °C$	T _{ACY} T _{ACY} T _{ACY} T _{ACY}	-4.0 -4.0 -4.0	±1 — —	 +4.0 +6.0 +6.0	သံ သံ သံ	MCP9700 MCP9701
Sensor Output			•	•	•	
Output Voltage: $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$	V _{0°C} V _{0°C}	_	500 400		mV mV	MCP9700 MCP9701
Temperature Coefficient	T _{C1} T _{C1}	_	10.0 19.5	_	mV/°C mV/°C	MCP9700 MCP9701
Output Non-linearity	V _{ONL}	_	±0.5	—	°C	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C \text{ (Note 2)}$
Output Current	I _{OUT}			100	μΑ	
Output Impedance	Z _{OUT}		20	_	Ω	$I_{OUT} = 100 \ \mu A, f = 500 \ Hz$
Output Load Regulation	ΔV _{OUT} / ΔΙ _{OUT}		1	_	Ω	$T_{A} = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C,$ $I_{OUT} = 100 \ \mu\text{A}$
Turn-on Time	t _{ON}	_	800	—	μs	
Typical Load Capacitance (Note 3)	C _{LOAD}	—	_	1000	pF	
Thermal Response to 63%	t _{RES}	_	1.3	—	S	30°C (air) to +125°C (fluid bath) (Note 4)

Note 1: The MCP9700 accuracy is tested with $V_{DD} = 3.3V$, while the MCP9701 accuracy is tested with $V_{DD} = 5.0V$.

2: The MCP9700/01 is characterized using the first-order or linear equation, as shown in Equation 3-1.

3: The MCP9700/01 family is characterized and production-tested with a capacitive load of 1000 pF.

4: Thermal response with 1 x 1 inch dual-sided copper clad.

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, MCP9700: $V_{DD} = 2.3V$ to 5.5V, GND = Ground, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ and No load. MCP9701: $V_{DD} = 3.1V$ to 5.5V, GND = Ground, $T_A = -10^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ and No load.								
Parameters Sym Min Typ Max Units Conditions								
Temperature Ranges								
T _A	-40		+125	°C	MCP9700 (Note 1)			
T _A	-10		+125	°C	MCP9701 (Note 1)			
T _A	-40		+125	°C				
•		•						
θ_{JA}		331	_	°C/W				
	round, $T_A =$ ound, $T_A =$ Sym T_A T_A T_A T_A	round, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to + ound, $T_A = -10^{\circ}C$ to + Sym Min T_A -40 T_A -10 T_A -40 T_A -65	round, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ a ound, $T_A = -10^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ a Sym Min T_A -40 T_A -10 T_A -40 T_A -65	round, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ and No load ound, $T_A = -10^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ and No load Sym Min Typ Max T_A -40 +125 T_A -10 +125 T_A -65 +150	Towns ound, $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to $+125^{\circ}$ C and No load. Sym Min Typ Max Units T_A -40 +125 °C T_A -10 +125 °C T_A -10 +125 °C T_A -65 +125 °C			

Note 1: Operation in this range must not cause T_J to exceed Maximum Junction Temperature (+150°C).

2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, **MCP9700**: V_{DD} = 2.3V to 5.5V; **MCP9701**: V_{DD} = 3.1V to 5.5V; GND = Ground, C_{bypass} = 0.1 µF.

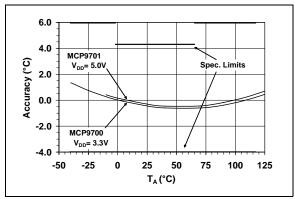


FIGURE 2-1: Accuracy vs. Ambient Temperature.

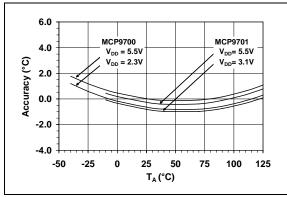


FIGURE 2-2: Accuracy vs. Ambient Temperature, with V_{DD}.

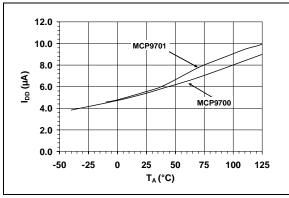


FIGURE 2-3: Temperature.

Supply Current vs.

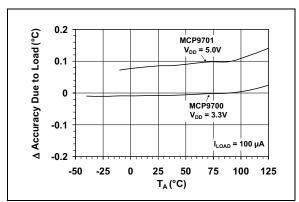


FIGURE 2-4: Changes in Accuracy vs. Ambient Temperature (Due to Load).

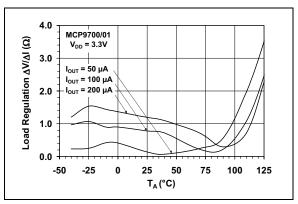


FIGURE 2-5: Load Regulation vs. Ambient Temperature.

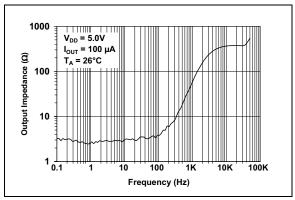
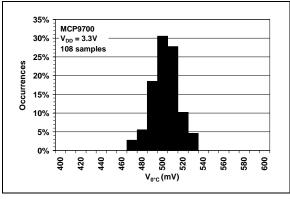


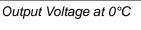
FIGURE 2-6: Frequency.

Output Impedance vs.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, MCP9700: V_{DD} = 2.3V to 5.5V; MCP9701: V_{DD} = 3.1V to 5.5V; GND = Ground, C_{bypass} = 0.1 µF.







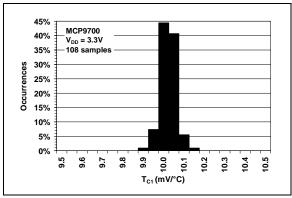


FIGURE 2-8: Occurrences vs. First-Order Temperature Coefficient (MCP9700).

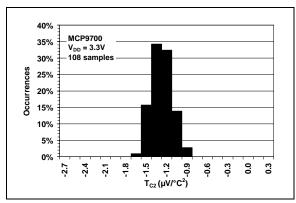


FIGURE 2-9: Occurrences vs. Second-Order Temperature Coefficient (MCP9700).

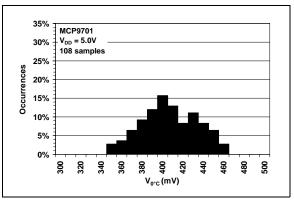


FIGURE 2-10: Occurrences vs. Temperature Coefficient (MCP9701).

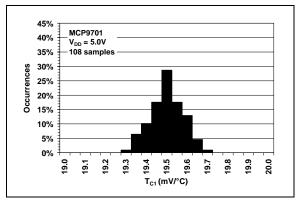


FIGURE 2-11: Occurrences vs. First-Order Temperature Coefficient (MCP9701).

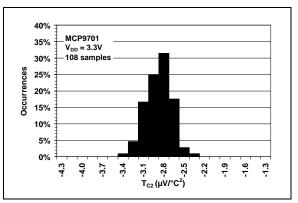


FIGURE 2-12: Occurrences vs. Second-Order Temperature Coefficient (MCP9701).

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, MCP9700: V_{DD} = 2.3V to 5.5V; MCP9701: V_{DD} = 3.1V to 5.5V; GND = Ground, C_{bypass} = 0.1 µF.

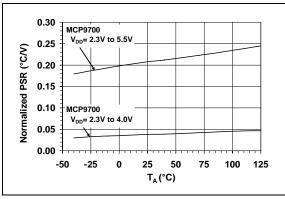


FIGURE 2-13: Power Supply Rejection (PSR) vs. Ambient Temperature.

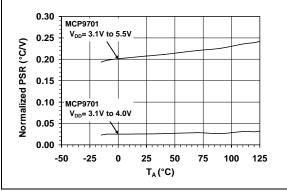


FIGURE 2-14: Power Supply Rejection (PSR) vs. Frequency.

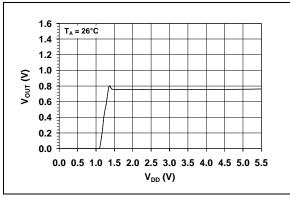


FIGURE 2-15: Output Voltage vs. Power Supply.

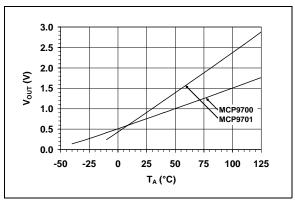


FIGURE 2-16: Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature.

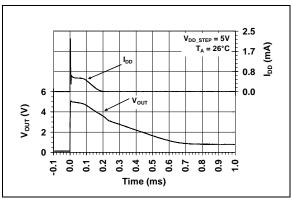


FIGURE 2-17: Output vs. Time.

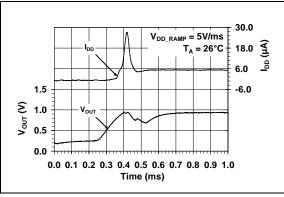


FIGURE 2-18: Output vs. Time

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, MCP9700: V_{DD} = 2.3V to 5.5V; MCP9701: V_{DD} = 3.1V to 5.5V; GND = Ground, C_{bypass} = 0.1 µF.

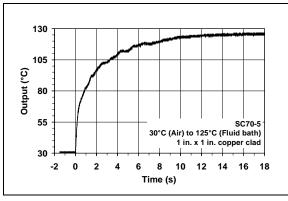


FIGURE 2-19: Thermal Response.

3.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The MCP9700/01 temperature sensing element is essentially a P-N junction or a diode. The diode electrical characteristics has a temperature coefficient that provides a change in voltage based on the relative ambient temperature from -40°C to 125°C. The change in voltage is scaled to a temperature coefficient of 10.0 mV/°C (typ.) for the MCP9700 and 19.5 mV/°C (typ.) for the MCP9701. The output voltage at 0°C is also scaled to 500 mV (typ.) and 400 mV (typ.) for the MCP9700 and MCP9701, respectively. This linear scale is described in the transfer function shown in Equation 3-1.

EQUATION 3-1: SENSOR TRANSFER FUNCTION

$$V_{OUT} = T_{C1} \bullet T_A + V_{0^{\circ}C}$$

Where:

T_A = Ambient Temperature

V_{OUT} = Sensor Output Voltage

 $V_{0^{\circ}C}$ = Sensor Output Voltage at 0°C

 T_{C1} = Temperature Coefficient

4.0 APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

4.1 Improving Accuracy

The MCP9700/01 accuracy can be improved by performing a system calibration at a specific temperature. For example, calibrating the system at 25° C ambient improves the measurement accuracy to a $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C (typ.) from 0°C to 70°C, as shown in Figure 4-1. Therefore, when measuring relative temperature change, this family measures temperature with higher accuracy.

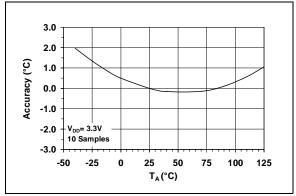


FIGURE 4-1: Relative Accuracy to +25°C vs. Temperature.

The relative change in accuracy from the calibration temperature is due to the output non-linearity from the first-order equation, specified in Equation 3-1. The accuracy can be further improved by compensating for the output non-linearity.

For higher accuracy, the sensor output transfer function is also derived using a second-order equation as shown in Equation 4-1. The equation describes the output non-linearity. This equation is not used to characterize the part as specified in the DC Electrical Characteristics table; however, it provides better accuracy.

EQUATION 4-1: SECOND-ORDER TRANSFER FUNCTION

$V_{OUT} = T_{C2} (T_A + 10^{\circ}C)(125^{\circ}C - T_A) + T_{C1} T_A + V_{0^{\circ}C}$								
= $-T_{C2} T_A^2$ + $(T_{C1} + 115 T_{C2})T_A$ + 1250 T_{C2} + $V_{0^{\circ}C}$								
Where:								
T _A	= Ambient Temperature							
V _{OUT}	 Sensor Output Voltage 							
V _{0°C}	 Sensor Output Voltage at 0°C 							
	(refer to Figure 2-7 and 2-10)							
T _{C1}	= Temperature Coefficient							
_	(refer to Figure 2-8 and 2-11)							
T _{C2}	= Temperature Coefficient							
	MCP9700 1.4 μ V/°C ² (typ.)							
	MCP9701 2.7 μV/°C ² (typ.)							
	(refer to Figure 2-9 and 2-12)							

4.2 Shutdown Using Microcontroller I/O Pin

The MCP9700/01 low operating current of 6 μ A (typ.) makes it ideal for battery-powered applications. However, for applications that require tighter current budget, this device can be powered using a microcontroller Input/Output (I/O) pin. The I/O pin can be toggled to shutdown the device. In such applications, the microcontroller internal digital switching noise is emitted to the MCP9700/01 as power supply noise. This switching noise compromises measurement accuracy. Therefore, a decoupling capacitor will be necessary.

4.3 Layout Considerations

The MCP9700/01 does not require any additional components to operate. However, it is recommended that a decoupling capacitor of 0.1 μ F to 1 μ F be used between the V_{DD} and GND pins. In high-noise applications, connect the power supply voltage to the V_{DD} pin using a 200 Ω resistor with a 1 μ F decoupling capacitor. A high-frequency ceramic capacitor is recommended. It is necessary for the capacitor to be located as close as possible to the V_{DD} and GND pins in order to provide effective noise protection. In addition, avoid tracing digital lines in close proximity to the sensor.

4.4 Thermal Considerations

The MCP9700/01 measures temperature by monitoring the voltage of a diode located in the die. A low impedance thermal path between the die and the PCB is provided by the pins. Therefore, the MCP9700/01 effectively monitors the temperature of the PCB. However, the thermal path for the ambient air is not as efficient because the plastic device package functions as a thermal insulator from the die. This limitation applies to plastic-packaged silicon temperature sensors. If the application requires measuring ambient air, the PCB needs to be designed with proper thermal conduction to the sensor pins.

The MCP9700/01 is designed to source/sink 100 μ A (max.). The power dissipation due to the output current is relatively insignificant. The effect of the output current can be described using Equation 4-2.

EQUATION 4-2: EFFECT OF SELF-HEATING

$$\begin{split} T_J - T_A &= \theta_{JA} (V_{DD} I_{DD} + (V_{DD} - V_{OUT}) I_{OUT}) \\ \end{split}$$
 Where:
$$\begin{split} T_J &= \text{Junction Temperature} \\ T_A &= \text{Ambient Temperature} \\ \theta_{JA} &= \text{Package Thermal Resistance (331°C/W)} \\ V_{OUT} &= \text{Sensor Output Voltage} \\ I_{OUT} &= \text{Sensor Output Current} \\ I_{DD} &= \text{Operating Current} \\ V_{DD} &= \text{Operating Voltage} \end{split}$$

At $T_A = +25$ °C ($V_{OUT} = 0.75V$) and maximum specification of $I_{DD} = 12 \mu A$, $V_{DD} = 5.5V$ and $I_{OUT} = +100 \mu A$, the self-heating due to power dissipation ($T_J - T_A$) is 0.179°C.

5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

5.1 Package Marking Information

5-Lead SC-70 (MCP9700)



Device	Code
MCP9700	AUN
MCP9701	AVN

Note: Applies to 5-Lead SC-70.

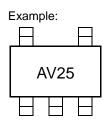
E>	kar	np	ole:		Ħ	
Ą	4U 548	2 3 ((Fr Ba	on ck	it))	

5-Lead SC-70 (**MCP9701**)



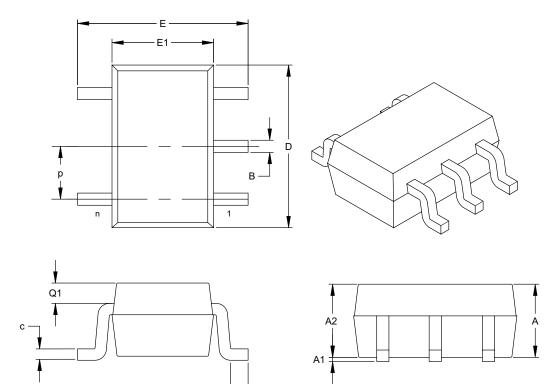
	1					
Device	Code					
MCP9700	AUNN					
MCP9701	AVNN					
Notes Applies to 5 Lood CO 70						

Note: Applies to 5-Lead SC-70.



Leç	jend:	XXX Y YY WW NNN @3 *	Customer-specific information Year code (last digit of calendar year) Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year) Week code (week of January 1 is week '01') Alphanumeric traceability code Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn) This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.
Not	b	e carrie	nt the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will d over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available s for customer-specific information.

5-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (LT) (SC-70)



	Units		INCHES		М	ILLIMETERS	*
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		5		5		
Pitch	р		.026 (BSC)			0.65 (BSC)	
Overall Height	Α	.031		.043	0.80		1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.031		.039	0.80		1.00
Standoff	A1	.000		.004	0.00		0.10
Overall Width	E	.071		.094	1.80		2.40
Molded Package Width	E1	.045		.053	1.15		1.35
Overall Length	D	.071		.087	1.80		2.20
Foot Length	L	.004		.012	0.10		0.30
Top of Molded Pkg to Lead Shoulder	Q1	.004		.016	0.10		0.40
Lead Thickness	с	.004		.007	0.10		0.18
Lead Width	В	.006		.012	0.15		0.30

L

*Controlling Parameter

Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .005" (0.127mm) per side.

JEITA (EIAJ) Standard: SC-70 Drawing No. C04-061

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (March 2005)

• Original Release of this Document.

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	<i>− X /XX</i> │ │ Temperature Package Range	E	Examples:) MCP9700T-E/LT:	Tiny Analog Temperature Sensor, Tape and Reel, -40°C to +125°C,
Device:	MCP9700T: Tiny Analog Temperature Sensor, Tape and Reel, Pb free MCP9701T: Tiny Analog Temperature Sensor, Tape and Reel, Pb free	а) MCP9701T-E/LT:	5LD SC70 package. Tiny Analog Temperature Sensor, Tape and Reel, -40°C to +125°C,
Temperature Range:	$E = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			5LD SC70 package.
Package:	LT = Plastic Small Outline Transistor, 5-lead			

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the
 intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WAR-RANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip's products as critical components in life support systems is not authorized except with express written approval by Microchip. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights.

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, Accuron, dsPIC, KEELOQ, microID, MPLAB, PIC, PICmicro, PICSTART, PRO MATE, PowerSmart, rfPIC, and SmartShunt are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

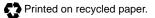
AmpLab, FilterLab, Migratable Memory, MXDEV, MXLAB, PICMASTER, SEEVAL, SmartSensor and The Embedded Control Solutions Company are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Application Maestro, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, dsPICworks, ECAN, ECONOMONITOR, FanSense, FlexROM, fuzzyLAB, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, ICEPIC, MPASM, MPLIB, MPLINK, MPSIM, PICkit, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICLAB, PICtail, PowerCal, PowerInfo, PowerMate, PowerTool, rfLAB, rfPICDEM, Select Mode, Smart Serial, SmartTel, Total Endurance and WiperLock are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2005, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.



QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFIED BY DNV ISO/TS 16949:2002

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2002 quality system certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona and Mountain View, California in October 2003. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PICmicro® 8-bit MCUs, KEELoo® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.



WORLDWIDE SALES AND SERVICE

AMERICAS

Corporate Office 2355 West Chandler Blvd. Chandler, AZ 85224-6199 Tel: 480-792-7200 Fax: 480-792-7277 Technical Support: http://support.microchip.com Web Address: www.microchip.com

Atlanta Alpharetta, GA Tel: 770-640-0034 Fax: 770-640-0307

Boston Westborough, MA Tel: 774-760-0087 Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago Itasca, IL Tel: 630-285-0071 Fax: 630-285-0075

Dallas Addison, TX Tel: 972-818-7423 Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit Farmington Hills, MI Tel: 248-538-2250 Fax: 248-538-2260

Kokomo Kokomo, IN Tel: 765-864-8360 Fax: 765-864-8387

Los Angeles Mission Viejo, CA Tel: 949-462-9523 Fax: 949-462-9608

San Jose Mountain View, CA Tel: 650-215-1444 Fax: 650-961-0286

Toronto Mississauga, Ontario, Canada Tel: 905-673-0699 Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Australia - Sydney Tel: 61-2-9868-6733 Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing Tel: 86-10-8528-2100 Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

China - Chengdu Tel: 86-28-8676-6200 Fax: 86-28-8676-6599

China - Fuzhou Tel: 86-591-8750-3506 Fax: 86-591-8750-3521

China - Hong Kong SAR Tel: 852-2401-1200 Fax: 852-2401-3431

China - Shanghai Tel: 86-21-5407-5533 Fax: 86-21-5407-5066 China - Shenyang Tel: 86-24-2334-2829 Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

China - Shenzhen Tel: 86-755-8203-2660 Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

China - Shunde Tel: 86-757-2839-5507 Fax: 86-757-2839-5571

China - Qingdao Tel: 86-532-502-7355 Fax: 86-532-502-7205

ASIA/PACIFIC

India - Bangalore Tel: 91-80-2229-0061 Fax: 91-80-2229-0062

India - New Delhi Tel: 91-11-5160-8631 Fax: 91-11-5160-8632

Japan - Kanagawa Tel: 81-45-471- 6166 Fax: 81-45-471-6122

Korea - Seoul Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or 82-2-558-5934

Singapore Tel: 65-6334-8870 Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan - Kaohsiung Tel: 886-7-536-4818

Fax: 886-7-536-4803 Taiwan - Taipei Tel: 886-2-2500-6610 Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

Taiwan - Hsinchu Tel: 886-3-572-9526 Fax: 886-3-572-6459

EUROPE

Austria - Weis Tel: 43-7242-2244-399 Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark - Ballerup Tel: 45-4450-2828 Fax: 45-4485-2829

France - Massy Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20 Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Ismaning Tel: 49-89-627-144-0 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy - Milan Tel: 39-0331-742611 Fax: 39-0331-466781

Netherlands - Drunen Tel: 31-416-690399 Fax: 31-416-690340

England - Berkshire Tel: 44-118-921-5869 Fax: 44-118-921-5820

03/01/05